(C.B.S.E. Affiliation No. 1030502)
CLASS.X
Social Science
Worksheet 1
1. When did Sri Lanka gain independence?a) 1947b) 1946c) 1948d) 1949
2. Which community established its supremacy in Sri Lanka due to majoritarian measures?
a) Sri Lankan Tamils b) Christians c) Indian Tamils d) Sinhalas
3. Which community was in majority in Brussels?
a) Dutch speaking b) French speaking c) German speaking
4. Which reason of power sharing stresses that power sharing will bring out
better outcomes? a) Moral reason b) Prudential reason
5) Power sharing among different organs of government is called: (a) Horizontal distribution of power
(b) Power sharing among social groups
(c) Vertical division of power
6) Explain the ethnic composition of Belgium and Sri Lanka.
7) Explain majoritarianism in Sri Lanka.
8) What is the cause of Civil War in Sri Lanka?
9) How did Belgium solve the problem of majoritarianism?
10) Why is power sharing needed?
11) What is the difference in Prudential and moral reasons of power sharing?
12) Explain horizontal distribution of power.12) Explain vertical distribution of neuron
13) Explain vertical distribution of power.14) Explain the system of checks and holonooperation.
14) Explain the system of checks and balance.15) How is power shared by political parties?
15) How is power shared by political parties?16) How do interest groups influence the decisions of the government?
17) What lessons do we get from Belgium and Sri Lankan examples?
18) Compare the different ways in which Belgium and Sri Lanka have dealt with
the problem of cultural diversity.

DOON PUBLIC SCHOOL (C.B.S.E. Affiliation No. 1030502) CLASS.X Social Science Worksheet 2 À

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Q1. Explain in detail the meaning of federalism.

Q2. Differentiate between federations and unitary governments.

Q3. Give a clear contrast between 'comings together' and 'holding together' federations.

Q4. What do you understand by the Union list? Write its main features.

Q5. Write a short note on the language policy of India.

Q6. A major step towards decentralization was taken in 1992. What was it? How did it contribute towards making the democracy more powerful and effective?

Q7. Explain the situations which determine the Centre- State relations from time to time.

Q8. 'Most federations that are formed by 'holding together' do not give equal power to its constituent units'. Justify the statement with examples.

Q9. Explain in detail the key features of federalism.

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			CLAS	
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			Works	heet 3
N	lulti	ple Choice Questions		
1.		Coal, iron ore, petroleun	n, diesel et	c. are the examples of
	a)	Biotic resources	b)	Abiotic resources
	c)	Renewable resources	d)	Non Renewable resources
2.		Which one of the followi respectively?	ng term is	used to identify the old and new alluvial
	a)	Khadas & Tarai	b)	Tarai & Bangar
	c)	Bangar & Khadar	d)	Tarai & Dvars
3.		and the second s	ng soil is t	he best for cotton cultivation ?
	a)	Red soil	b)	Black soil
	c)	Laterite soil	d)	Alluvial soil
4.		How much percentage of Forest Policy.	f forest are	ea in the country according to the National
	a)	33%	b)	37%
	c)	27%	d)	31%
5.		• •		high temperature and evaporation ?
	a)	Arid Soil	b)	Forest Soil
	c)	Black Soil	d)	Red Soil
6.		Which one of the followi Potential resources	ng resourd b)	ces can be acquired by the Nation ? International resources
	a) c)	National resources	d)	Public resources
7.			· · · · ·	onsible for sheet erosion ?
	a)	Underground water	b)	Wind
	c)	Glacier	d)	Water
8.		Which one of the followi	ng method	l is used to break up the force of wind?
	a)	Shelter belt	b)	Strip Cropping
	c)	Contour ploughing	d)	Terrace farming
9		Pradesh?	g is the ma	in cause of land degradation in Madhya
	a) c)	Mining Deforestation	b) d)	Overgrazing Over Irrigation
10).	Which one of the followi	ng stateme	ents refers to the sustainable development ?
a)		Overall development of va	arious reso	urces
b)		Development should take	place with	out damaging the environment.

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CLASS.X Social Science Worksheet 4

Q.1. Define the following:

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- a. strip cultivation
- b. gully erosion
- c. terrace farming
- d. shelter belts
- e. badland
- f. fallow land
- g. net sown area
- h. bhangar

Q.2 What is a resource? Explain the classification of resources on the basis of exhaustibility.

Q.3 What is resource planning? Explain three processes involved in it

Q.4 Write three differences between Khadar and Bhangar soil

Q.5 What steps can be taken to control soil erosion in the hilly areas and arid areas?

Q.6 "The pattern of net sown area in India varies greatly from one state to another". Support the statement by giving two examples of states having the highest percentage of net sown area and the two states of having the lowest percentage. Also give the main reason for each case.

Q.7 Define Resources. Explain the classification of resources on the basis of ownership

Q.8 Explain any five problems leading to land degradation

Q.9 Identify the problems that have resulted from indiscriminate use of resources. Also explain the solutions to overcome these problems.

Q.10 Write four important characteristics of alluvial soil. Name the areas where it is most commonly found.



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CLASS.X Social Science Worksheet 5

1. Define the following terms:

- a. Economic Development
- b. National Income
- c. Gross Enrolment Ratio

d. BMI

- e. Economic Growth
- f. Infant Mortality Rate
- g. Life expectancy at birth

2. Besides more income, what other things do the people seek?

3. Why is the total income of countries not used to make comparisons between them?

4. According to the World Bank, what are low- income countries?

5. 'Development for one may be the destruction for other.' Do you agree with the statement? Justify your answer.

6. What is Human development Index (HDI)? Name its variables.

7. Why are public facilities needed for the development of the country? Mention any two of them.

8. What is meant by sustainable development? Give its main features.

9. 'Although the level of income is an important indicator of development, it is an inadequate measure of the level of development.' Justify the statement.

10. Explain the two basic tools used for comparing an underdeveloped country with a developed one? What organizations developed these tools?

